

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics PO Box 193766 San Francisco, CA. 94119-3766



CONTACT:

Stanley P. Stephenson (415) 975-4373 Nancy A. Treadwell (415) 975-4403

Internet address: http://stats.bls.gov/ro9news.htm
Fax-On-Demand (415) 975-4567 -- Code:# 9510

BLS 00-38 FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 13, 2000

RESULTS OF PAY SURVEY FOR THE LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA METROPOLITAN AREA

Workers in the Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, California metropolitan area averaged \$18.40 per hour during July 1999, according to a new survey released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Stanley Stephenson reported that white-collar workers averaged \$22.67 per hour and accounted for 58 percent of the workers in the area. Blue-collar workers averaged \$13.36 per hour and represented 25 percent of those surveyed, while the remaining 17 percent worked in service occupations and earned \$11.76 per hour. (See table 1.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. It excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. The survey studied 478 firms representing 2,890,200 workers in the Los Angeles metropolitan area, which includes Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Ventura Counties. Nearly 78 percent of those represented worked in private industry.

In the Los Angeles metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for more than 160 detailed occupations. (See table 2.) Among white-collar workers, aerospace engineers averaged \$35.18 per hour, registered nurses \$24.61, secretaries \$16.37, and cashiers \$10.15. Blue-collar occupations included electricians earning \$25.39 per hour, automobile mechanics at \$19.16, photographic process machine operators \$10.71, and hand packers and packagers at \$7.48 per hour. In the service occupations, police and detectives, public service averaged \$26.05 per hour, health aids, except nursing \$12.45, and cooks averaged \$9.83.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See tables 3 and 4.) For example, full-time employees in the Los Angeles area averaged \$19.19 per hour, while part-timers earned \$10.53. Union workers in blue-collar jobs averaged \$18.79 per hour; while non-union employees earned \$11.50. Private industry workers at establishments employing 50-99 workers averaged \$15.65 per hour, while those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$20.86. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgment, supervision received and other factors required on the job. These selected characteristics allow for comparison of occupations with similar requirements.

Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. The NCS is part of a statistical program that will eventually integrate three separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program. The survey increases the amount of wage data available to businesses, employees, and the public, and reduces the time required of business establishments responding to BLS compensation surveys

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the National Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA, July 1999, (Bulletin 3100-25). Copies of survey tables are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://stats.bls.gov/comhome.htm and from the Bureau's fax-on-demand service, Ready Facts, by dialing 415-975-4567 and requesting documents 9510. For further information or personal assistance contact the San Francisco Information Office at 415-975-4350. Bulletins may be purchased for \$8.50 from the BLS Publications Sales Center, 230 South Dearborn Street, 9th Floor, Chicago, IL 60604. Telephone orders using MasterCard or Visa credit cards are accepted at 312-353-1880 between 8:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Central Time.

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings(1) and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA, July 1999

Transmar Componidation Carvey, 2007 ingolog Park		Total	- , , -		rivate indust	try	State ar	ernment	
	Hourly 6	earnings		Hourly 6	earnings		Hourly 6	earnings	
			Mean	-		Mean			Mean
Worker and establishment characteristics		Relative	weekly		Relative	weekly		Relative	weekly
	Mean	error ²	hours ³	Mean	error ²	hours ³	Mean	error ²	hours ³
		(percent)			(percent)			(percent)	
		,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			,	
Total	\$18.40	2.6	36.4	\$17.21	3.4	36.9	\$23.41	2.0	34.5
Worker characteristics:(4)									
White-collar occupations(5)	22.67	2.8	36.3	22.20	3.6	37.0	24.14	2.4	34.3
Professional specialty and technical	29.00	2.3	35.9	28.09	3.4	37.6	30.76	2.4	32.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.04	5.6	39.8	32.91	6.4	40.3	27.73	5.9	37.9
Sales	16.47	9.9	31.7	16.48	9.9	31.8	-	-	-
Administrative support	13.47	1.6	36.5	13.08	2.0	37.1	14.57	2.2	34.9
Blue-collar occupations(5)	13.36	4.2	38.6	12.83	4.6	38.6	21.09	4.6	39.7
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.52	4.4	39.9	18.97	5.2	39.8	23.53	4.8	39.9
Machine operators, assemblers, and									
inspectors	10.18	4.9	39.8	10.11	5.0	39.8	-	-	-
Transportation and material moving	13.41	11.1	37.2	12.77	13.1	37.0	18.59	8.1	38.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers,									
and laborers	9.65	4.1	36.5	9.32	4.3	36.3	15.88	5.2	40.0
Service occupations(5)	11.76	5.3	33.5	8.60	3.5	33.6	21.86	4.7	33.2
Full time	19.19	2.7	39.5	18.00	3.5	39.7	24.18	2.1	38.7
Part time	10.53	4.0	20.2	9.36	4.2	21.5	15.54	7.4	16.3
Union	20.65	2.7	36.2	16.80	5.3	37.0	23.72	2.5	35.6
Nonunion	17.59	3.5	36.5	17.28	3.8	36.9	22.40	4.4	31.3
Time	18.36	2.7	36.3	17.09	3.6	36.8	23.41	2.0	34.5
Incentive	19.25	12.3	39.0	19.25	12.3	39.0	-	-	-

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings(1) and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government,

National Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA, July 1999 (Continued)

		Total		Pı	rivate indus	try	State ar	nd local gov	ernment
	Hourly e	earnings		Hourly 6	earnings		Hourly 6	earnings	
Worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³
Establishment characteristics:									
Goods producing	(6)	(6)	(6)	-	-	-	(6)	(6)	(6)
Service producing	(6)	(6)	(6)	-	-	-	(6)	(6)	(6)
50-99 workers(7)	15.81	11.7	36.9	15.65	12.0	36.9	23.23	6.6	36.9
100-499 workers	15.14	4.5	36.7	15.00	4.6	37.1	19.37	11.7	27.9
500 workers or more	21.94	2.6	36.0	20.86	4.1	36.7	23.69	2.1	35.0

- 1 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
- 2 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.
- 3 Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.
- 4 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production . bonuses
- 5 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
- 6 Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-producing industries applies to private industry only.
- 7 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

National Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Or		otal		industry	State and local government		
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
AllAll excluding sales	\$18.40 18.53	2.6 2.7	\$17.21 17.27	3.4 3.6	\$23.41 23.42	2.0 2.0	
White collar	22.67	2.8	22.20	3.6	24.14	2.4	
White collar excluding sales	23.45	2.9	23.19	3.9	24.16	2.4	
Professional specialty and technical	29.00 31.05	2.3 2.2	28.09 30.39	3.4 3.4	30.76 32.08	2.4 2.5	
· · ·	34.13	2.2	34.36	2.2	30.15	6.0	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors					30.15	6.0	
Aerospace engineers	35.18	4.4	35.18	4.4	-	- 4.0	
Civil engineers	30.19	9.1	-	-	28.49	4.6	
Electrical and electronic engineers	34.16	5.6	34.10	5.7	-	-	
Industrial engineers	25.60	6.8	-	-	-	-	
Mechanical engineers	29.59	6.7	28.94	6.9	-	-	
Engineers, n.e.c.	34.67	2.4	34.67	2.4	-	-	
Mathematical and computer scientists	28.53	3.2	29.48	2.6	25.00	5.7	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	28.51	3.7	29.70	3.1	25.00	5.7	
Operations and systems researchers and analysts	28.62	4.4	28.62	4.4	-	-	
Natural scientists	28.82	6.8	30.55	7.3	25.95	6.0	
Health related	26.26	3.8	26.44	4.3	25.19	7.5	
Physicians	48.01	19.8	-	- 0.7	-	- 0.5	
Registered nurses	24.61	2.4	24.68	2.7	24.19	2.5	
Pharmacists	34.79	9.1	34.79	9.1	-	-	
Respiratory therapists	19.74	2.9	19.74	2.9	- 07.40	-	
Teachers, college and university	37.34	4.6	37.13	13.4	37.43	3.8	
Business, commerce, and marketing teachers	47.40	26.7	47.56	27.7	-	-	
Education teachers	47.46	37.3	47.46	37.3	-	-	
English teachers	34.96	3.9	-	-	-	-	
Other post-secondary teachers	37.93	3.3	37.17	15.9	38.04	3.0	
Teachers, except college and university	31.48	3.7	16.44	7.7	34.56	2.4	
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	13.02	6.0	-	-	-	-	
Elementary school teachers	34.11	4.1	15.35	2.8	35.79	3.1	
Secondary school teachers	34.33	2.2	24.08	5.8	34.77	2.2	
Teachers, special education	30.41	7.2	-	-	- 00.57	- 4.0	
Teachers, n.e.c.	32.26	12.5	18.76	12.4	39.57	4.8	
Substitute teachers	18.21	4.4	-	-	18.25	4.3	
Vocational and educational counselors	27.43	16.0	-	-	31.43	13.7	
Librarians, archivists, and curators		- 0.0	-	-	24.00	10.5	
Social scientists and urban planners	33.05	8.6	-	-	31.66	19.5	
Psychologists	31.66 20.89	18.0 11.7	- 21.50	- 11.8	20.69	- 15.2	
Social, recreation, and religious workers Social workers	20.89	11.7	21.50	11.0	20.69	15.2 16.1	
Recreation workers	13.86	17.4	-	_	21.02	10.1	
Lawyers and judges	42.37	8.3] [
, , ,	42.37 42.37	8.3	-	_	-	_	
Lawyers	42.37	0.3	-	-	-	<u> </u>	

National Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Or	ange Coun	ty, CA, July	1999 (Cont	inued)	_	
	_				State ar	
	T	otal	Private	industry	govei	nment
Occupation(3)		Relative		Relative		Relative
	Mean	error ⁴	Mean	error ⁴	Mean	error ⁴
		(percent)		(percent)		(percent)
Professional specialty and technical (Continued)						
Professional specialty (Continued)						
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c	\$36.23	13.5	\$36.85	13.5	-	-
Designers	32.48	20.7	32.48	20.7	-	-
Editors and reporters	47.75	18.5	47.75	18.5	-	-
Professional, n.e.c	22.33	8.2	23.23	8.6	-	-
Technical	21.54	4.8	22.06	5.5	\$18.71	5.8
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	19.67	11.6	20.18	12.4	-	-
Radiological technicians	20.46	3.8	20.46	3.8	-	-
Licensed practical nurses	14.66	2.2	14.55	2.2	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	16.61	4.6	16.60	6.9	_	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	21.38	6.4	21.15	6.5	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	21.96	10.5	22.15	12.9	_	_
Science technicians, n.e.c	16.07	4.7	-	12.5	16.07	4.7
•	27.79	5.6	-	-	10.07	4.7
Computer programmers			-	- 12.1	-	_
Legal assistants	20.89	12.1	20.89		-	- 4-7
Technical and related, n.e.c	24.44	11.3	25.18	13.1	20.83	4.7
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.04	5.6	32.91	6.4	27.73	5.9
Executives, administrators, and managers	37.11	7.5	37.94	8.4	32.44	9.7
·	38.26	12.9	-	0.4	38.26	12.9
Administrators and officials, public administration				- 0.0	36.20	12.9
Financial managers	35.85	7.7	35.45	8.2	-	-
Personnel and labor relations managers	33.25	9.0	31.01	9.9	-	-
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	44 =0	40.4	40.40	40.0		
relations	41.50	12.4	42.10	12.6	-	
Administrators, education and related fields	37.08	8.4	24.66	14.4	46.30	3.6
Managers, medicine and health	32.36	5.2	32.67	5.3	-	-
Managers, food servicing and lodging						
establishments	17.84	14.2	-	-	-	-
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	29.44	11.9	29.46	12.4	-	-
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	40.25	13.2	42.08	14.1	27.42	15.8
Management related	23.89	2.2	24.39	2.4	21.82	4.6
Accountants and auditors	23.54	3.8	23.62	4.4	-	-
Other financial officers	24.07	5.7	24.07	5.7	-	-
Management analysts	25.36	8.1	25.40	8.7	-	-
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists	19.85	8.5	21.76	10.2	-	-
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	23.93	4.9	23.94	4.9	_	-
Construction inspectors	26.34	4.8	-	_	25.88	6.2
Inspectors and compliance officers, except	20.01	1.0			20.00	0.2
construction	24.86	6.4	_	_	_	_
Management related, n.e.c	23.80	3.6	24.27	4.0	20.98	2.8
wanayement related, m.e.c	23.00	3.0	24.21	4.0	20.30	2.0
Sales	16.47	9.9	16.48	9.9	-	_
Supervisors, sales	31.23	28.6	31.23	28.6	-	-
Sales, other business services	16.92	22.5	16.92	22.5	_	_
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and	.0.02		.0.02			
wholesale	26.12	11.8	26.12	11.8	_	_
	_0	3	_0		1	

National Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Or	ange Coun	ty, CA, July	1999 (COIII	inded)	State and local		
	T	otal	Private	industry	govei	nment	
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
Calaa (Cardinus II)							
Sales (Continued) Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	\$22.06	7.9	\$22.06	7.9			
		4.6	7.01	7.9 4.6	-	_	
Sales workers, apparel	_	11.5	7.01	11.5	-	_	
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings		11.5	18.42	11.5	-	_	
Sales workers, partsSales workers, other commodities	_	13.2	12.74	13.2	-	_	
Cashiers		7.0	10.13	7.1	-	_	
		9.9	14.26	9.9	-	-	
Sales support, n.e.c	14.20	9.9	14.20	9.9	-	-	
Administrative support, including clerical	13.47	1.6	13.08	2.0	\$14.57	2.2	
Supervisors, general office	18.44	4.5	18.35	6.7	18.56	5.4	
Supervisors, distribution, scheduling, and							
adjusting clerks	19.95	12.7	-	-	-	-	
Secretaries	16.37	2.8	16.31	3.1	16.65	6.5	
Typists	14.06	5.0	-	-	-	-	
Interviewers	11.27	4.6	-	-	-	-	
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	13.44	7.3	13.44	7.3	-	-	
Receptionists	10.68	3.8	10.63	3.9	-	-	
Information clerks, n.e.c	11.33	4.2	11.32	4.4	-	-	
Order clerks	11.49	7.1	10.91	5.9	-	-	
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	12.45	5.2	12.45	5.2	-	-	
Library clerks	13.63	4.5	13.92	13.6	13.58	4.6	
Records clerks, n.e.c	13.20	5.9	13.39	10.8	13.02	4.5	
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.93	3.0	13.70	3.4	15.49	5.7	
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	14.20	4.8	14.21	6.1	-	-	
Duplicating machine operators	12.27	10.6	10.76	4.5	-	-	
Telephone operators	11.32	7.8	10.08	6.8	-	-	
Mail clerks, except postal service	10.31	7.1	10.47	7.5	-	-	
Dispatchers	18.52	5.0	-	-	-	-	
Production coordinators	16.35	9.1	16.37	9.2	-	-	
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	9.99	5.2	9.99	5.2	-	-	
Stock and inventory clerks	11.41	7.9	11.16	7.1	-	-	
Meter readers	17.55	12.0	-	-	-	-	
Material recording, scheduling, and distribution							
clerks, n.e.c	10.23	12.9	10.23	12.9	-	-	
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators	16.90	18.0	16.90	18.0	-	-	
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	15.56	6.5	15.19	7.0	-	-	
Eligibility clerks, social welfare	13.66	4.8	-	-	14.48	0.8	
Bill and account collectors	13.26	4.3	12.89	5.6	-	-	
General office clerks	12.35	2.9	11.21	4.4	13.65	3.4	
Bank tellers	9.01	0.9	9.01	0.9	-	-	
Data entry keyers	12.69	3.8	12.29	5.3	-	-	
Statistical clerks	15.22	14.6	15.22	14.6	-	-	
Teachers' aides	11.77	5.2	11.60	20.5	11.79	5.3	
Administrative support, n.e.c	13.48	5.0	12.91	5.2	16.26	6.4	

	T	otal	Private	industry	State ar gover	nd local nment
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar	\$13.36	4.2	\$12.83	4.6	\$21.09	4.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.52	4.4	18.97	5.2	23.53	4.8
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	26.88	6.6	26.59	7.3	-	-
Automobile mechanics	19.16	8.1	18.98	8.5	-	-
Industrial machinery repairers	17.76	9.5	16.44	9.0	-	-
Machinery maintenance	14.33	14.1	14.33	14.1	-	-
Electronic repairers, communications and						
industrial equipment	21.02	7.5	20.62	10.6	-	-
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	17.44	9.4	16.52	10.7	-	-
Carpenters	19.36	7.5	18.10	7.8	-	-
Electricians	25.39	4.6	-	-	-	-
Painters, construction and maintenance	13.81	17.0	11.26	9.4	-	-
Construction trades, n.e.c	19.10	8.1	-	-	16.88	7.2
Drillers, oil well	16.74	9.7	16.74	9.7	-	-
Supervisors, production	25.94	12.8	25.51	13.9	-	-
Machinists	18.99	5.2	18.99	5.2	-	-
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.26	14.3	10.26	14.3	-	-
Butchers and meat cutters	9.30	16.9	9.30	16.9	-	-
Inspectors, testers, and graders	16.70	10.1	16.47	10.5	-	-
Water and sewer treatment plant operators	21.53	5.8	-	-	21.55	5.9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.18	4.9	10.11	5.0	-	-
Molding and casting machine operators	7.20	8.2	7.20	8.2	-	-
Printing press operators	14.30	15.1	14.30	15.1	-	-
Textile sewing machine operators	7.78	6.1	7.78	6.1	-	-
Mixing and blending machine operators	10.49	8.9	10.49	8.9	-	-
Photographic process machine operators	10.71	11.1	10.71	11.1	-	-
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	9.82	9.9	9.46	9.7	-	-
Welders and cutters	15.71	21.8	14.65	23.5	-	-
Assemblers	9.81	6.1	9.81	6.1	-	-
Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c	7.45	2.3	7.45	2.3	-	-
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	10.93	7.3	10.93	7.3	-	-
Transportation and material moving	13.41	11.1	12.77	13.1	18.59	8.1
Truck drivers	12.34	10.0	11.73	10.9	-	-
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators Miscellaneous material moving equipment	10.43	12.5	10.43	12.5	-	-
operators, n.e.c	13.93	15.3	11.74	5.2	-	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.65	4.1	9.32	4.3	15.88	5.2
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	13.56	8.8	-	-	-	-
Supervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners, and laborers, n.e.c	15.64	5.3	15.64	5.3	-	-
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	10.65	17.8	-	- 5.5	_	-
Construction laborers	8.97	9.5	8.80	9.3	_	_
Production helpers	8.05	10.4	8.05	10.4	-	-
Stock handlers and baggers	10.31	12.6	10.31	12.6	-	-

National Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Or		otal	Ì	industry	State ar	nd local rnment
Occupation(3)		Relative	Tivato	Relative	govo	Relative
	Mean	error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar (Continued) Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers (Continued)						
Machine feeders and offbearers	\$9.24	14.0	\$9.24	14.0	-	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	8.57	9.0	8.57	9.0	-	_
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	8.15	7.8	8.15	7.8	-	-
Hand packers and packagers	7.48	5.7	7.48	5.7	-	-
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	11.07	6.8	10.25	7.7	\$15.81	6.8
Service	11.76	5.3	8.60	3.5	21.86	4.7
Protective service	18.45	11.4	8.17	7.6	25.54	4.5
Police and detectives, public service	26.05	4.3	-	-	26.05	4.3
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers.	22.96	4.2	-	-	22.96	4.2
Guards and police, except public service	7.96	6.4	7.78	6.0	-	-
Food service	8.11	3.4	7.85	3.6	11.82	6.2
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.11	1.8	6.11	1.8	-	-
Bartenders	7.68	7.4	7.68	7.4	-	-
Waiters and waitresses	5.86	1.1	5.86	1.1	-	-
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.02	2.4	6.02	2.4	-	-
Other food service	8.84	4.0	8.55	4.2	11.82	6.2
Supervisors, food preparation and service	15.91	6.6	15.85	8.2	-	-
Cooks	9.83	6.5	9.80	6.6	-	-
Food counter, fountain, and related	6.72	4.6	6.72	4.6	-	-
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.50	8.3	8.04	9.6	-	-
Food preparation, n.e.c	7.50	4.5	7.08	4.7	10.47	5.8
Health service	9.28	4.7	8.97	4.9	12.25	5.0
Health aides, except nursing	12.45	3.7	12.07	5.0	-	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	8.54	4.4	8.41	4.6	-	-
Cleaning and building service	8.77	5.5	8.09	5.1	13.18	5.2
Supervisors, cleaning and building service workers	12.42	13.1	11.23	14.5	-	-
Maids and housemen	7.59	5.0	7.59	5.0	-	-
Janitors and cleaners	8.60	7.1	7.85	6.8	12.52	3.1

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government,

National Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA, July 1999 (Continued)

		Total		industry	State and local government	
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Service (Continued)						
Personal service	\$10.72	11.1	\$10.70	12.2	\$10.85	9.4
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	7.39	6.8	7.33	7.2	-	-
Public transportation attendants	24.31	25.1	24.31	25.1	-	-
Early childhood teachers' assistants	9.50	3.1	-	-	10.22	7.1
Child care workers, n.e.c	10.02	10.4	10.03	13.7	9.96	6.9
Service, n.e.c.	7.73	9.0	7.44	8.2	-	-

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B of the National Compensation Survey for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a confidence interval around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 3. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings(1) by occupational group,(2) National Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA, July 1999

	Private industry and State and local government						
Occupational group	Full-time	Part-time					
	workers ³	workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵	
All accupations	\$19.19	\$10.53	\$20.65	\$17.59	\$18.36	\$19.25	
All occupations	19.18	11.01	20.84	17.66	18.67	13.60	
-							
White collar	23.56	12.93	22.86	22.60	22.57	24.81	
White-collar excluding sales	23.99	15.33	23.32	23.50	23.51	18.06	
Professional specialty and technical	29.35	22.80	30.52	28.19	29.02	-	
Professional specialty	31.43	24.59	31.59	30.71	31.05	-	
Technical	21.86	14.37	23.22	21.09	21.53	-	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	31.97	39.22	23.85	32.92	31.94	-	
Sales	19.27	8.34	13.04	16.85	11.95	26.60	
Administrative support, including clerical	13.81	10.38	14.73	12.97	13.51	-	
Blue collar	13.60	8.99	18.79	11.50	13.43	12.56	
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.55	-	22.87	17.55	19.66	17.61	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.18	-	15.08	9.51	10.27	9.61	
Transportation and material moving	13.80	10.03	17.85	10.23	13.27	-	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.85	8.51	13.55	8.52	9.64	-	
Service	12.75	7.32	17.27	8.94	11.77	-	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in the National Compensation Survey for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

⁵ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

 $Table\ 4.\ Establishment\ employment\ size:\ Mean\ hourly\ earnings (1)\ by\ occupational\ group, (2)\ private\ industry,\ National\ property (2)\ private\ industry,\ National\ property (3)\ private\ property (4)\ property ($

Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA, July 1999

Compensation Survey, Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange Cou							
		Full-time	and part-time workers				
			100	workers or r	nore		
	All						
	private	50 - 99		100 - 499	500		
Occupational group	industry	workers ³	Total	workers	workers		
9	workers				or more		
			Mean		0		
All occupations	\$17.21	\$15.65	\$17.60	\$15.00	\$20.86		
All excluding sales	17.27	15.42	17.71	14.73	21.27		
a a a a g a a a a							
White collar	22.20	22.48	22.14	19.43	24.59		
White-collar excluding sales	23.19	24.15	23.02	19.87	25.49		
•							
Professional specialty and technical	28.09	27.02	28.25	23.82	30.19		
Professional specialty	30.39	32.67	30.14	24.59	32.09		
Technical	22.06	-	22.68	22.45	22.86		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.91	41.66	31.31	30.77	31.71		
Sales	16.48	17.42	16.10	17.62	12.14		
Administrative support, including clerical	13.08	12.34	13.23	12.84	13.73		
3							
Blue collar	12.83	10.97	13.38	11.94	17.13		
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.97	15.99	19.87	17.53	23.64		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.11	9.07	10.44	9.96	12.18		
Transportation and material moving	12.77	8.78	13.40	12.98	14.36		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.32	8.21	9.66	9.03	11.81		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
Service	8.6	7.47	8.96	8.35	9.61		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² Å classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

³ Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.